

## **Laboratory PPE Selection Guide**

This document is to be used as a guide for selecting appropriate PPE in the Laboratory. PPE application should be based on risk assessment, which includes evaluation of the hazard and the procedure used, Safety Data Sheets, and in consultation with the Principal Investigator and/or Laboratory Supervisor/Manager.

Applicable PPE	Specific Type (example)	Characteristics	Applications
	Disposable Latex Gloves	Non-Powdered  *Powdered latex gloves are not permitted for use on campus.	Working with biological hazards (known or potentially known infectious materials including work with animals)
Light Latex, Vinyl, Nitrile Gloves	Disposable Nitrile Gloves	Puncture resistant, protection from splash hazards	Working with biological hazards and chemical splash hazards
	Disposable Vinyl Gloves	Economical, durable, similar to latex	Working with biological hazards
Light chemical resistant gloves	Natural rubber latex	Chemical resistant, liquid-proof	Working with small volumes of corrosive liquids, organic solvents, flammable organic compounds
Light to heavy chemical resistant gloves	Nitrile Gloves	Chemical resistant, good puncture, cut, and abrasion resistance	Apparatus under pressure, air or water reactive chemicals
Heavy chemical resistant gloves	Butyl Gloves	High permeation resistance to most chemicals	Large volumes of organic solvents, small to large volumes of dangerous solvents, acutely toxic or hazardous materials
	Viton Gloves	High permeation resistance to most chemicals	Same as butyl gloves, plus hazardous material spills

Applicable PPE	Specific Type (example)	Characteristics	Applications
Heavy chemical resistant gloves (continued)	Butyl/Silver Shield Gloves and Apron	Extra chemical and mechanical protection	Same as butyl and Viton II gloves, added mechanical protection, hazardous material spills
Insulated Gloves	Terrycloth Gloves	Heat resistant	Working with hot liquids and equipment, open flames, water bath, oil bath, autoclaves
	Cryogen Gloves	Water resistant or water proof, protection against ultra-cold temperatures	Cryogenic liquids handling
Wire Mesh Gloves	Steel Mesh	Cut resistant	Working with live animals
Chemical Resistant Apron	Rubber-coated Wash Apron	Chemical splash protection, good abrasion resistance	Working with apparatus under pressure, air or water reactive chemicals, large volumes of corrosive liquids
	Neoprene Apron/Sleeves	Chemical resistant, tear resistant; splash protection	Water or air reactive chemicals, large volumes of corrosive liquids, small to large volumes of acutely toxic corrosives

Additional information on chemical resistance glove selection can be found online at: Micro Flex Chemical Resistance Glove Guide

Applicable PPE	Specific Type (example)	Characteristics	Applications
Lab Coats	Knee Length Lab Coat	Protects skin and clothing from dirt, inks, non-hazardous chemicals, biohazards without aerosol exposure	General use; Chemical, Biological, Radiation, and Physical Hazards
	Flame Resistant Lab Coat	Flame resistant (e.g. Nomex or flame- resistant cotton)	Working with water or air reactive chemicals, large volumes of organic solvents, potentially explosive chemicals
	Disposable Gowns	Clothing and skin protection	Working with biohazards
Gowns	Tyvek Gowns	High tear resistance, protection from particulates	Working with biohazards with potential for exposure to airborne transmissible disease
	Bouffant Caps		
Сар		Economical protection for hygienic work environments; protection from dirt, dust	Working with biohazards, especially in animal facilities
Shoe Cover	Disposable Shoe Covers	Protection from dirt, dust; maintenance of hygienic work environments. Adjustable fit, non-skid soles	Working with biohazards, especially in animal facilities

Applicable PPE	Specific Type (example)	Characteristics	Applications
Safety Glasses	Adjustable Arm(s) (or Temple)  Top Shield  Top Shield  Side Shield(s)  Anti-log Impact-resistant Lens(es)	Polycarbonate lens, side shields for eye protection; meets ANSI and OSHA specifications	Working with chemical, biological, radiation, physical hazard ; laboratory work
Goggles	Chemical Goggles	Tight fitting, protects eyes from impact, spray, paint, chemicals, flying chips, dust particles; polycarbonate lens, indirect ventilation, meets ANSI and OSHA specifications	Working with large volumes of corrosive liquids, small to large volumes of acutely toxic corrosives; working with large volumes of organic solvents, acutely toxic or hazardous chemicals, apparatus under pressure, air or water reactive chemicals
	Laser/ UV Goggles	Appropriately shaded goggles; optical density based on beam parameters	Working with UV light sources, Class 3 or Class 4 lasers
Face Shield		Chemical resistant face shield	For use with mild acids, caustics, aromatic hydrocarbons, methylene chloride; splash hazard; air orwater reactive or potentially explosive chemicals
Safety Shield		Acrylic, weighted shield, three sided, benchtop shield, frosted edges	Protects from chemical splash, beta radiation, exposure to bloodborne pathogens
UV Face Shield		UV resistant, appropriately shaded face shield	Working with transilluminators, crosslinkers, biosafety cabinets, lasers, and another other equipment that emits UV radiation.

Eye and face protection must meet ANSI Z87.1 - American National Standard Practice of Occupational and Education Eye and Face Protection.

Applicable PPE	Specific Type (example)	Characteristics	Applications
Respirators **Requires Annual Fit Test for Use	Surgical Masks	Used for bacterial filtration	Working with live animals; working with infectious material with potential aerosol exposure
	N-95**	Protects against dusts, fumes, mists, microorganisms	Working with live animals or infectious materials with known airborne transmissible disease; dusty environments
	Half Face**	Air purifying respirator protects against variety of particulates, vapors, dust, mists, fumes; depends on filter cartridge used	Working with live animals or infectious materials with known airborne transmissible disease; dusty environments; chemical vapors; particulates
	Full Face**	Same as half- face, but with greater protection factor, and greater protection of eyes and face; depends on filter cartridge used	Working with live animals or infectious materials with known airborne transmissible disease; dusty environments; chemical vapors; particulates
	PAPR	Air supplying respirator; delivers steady supply of filtered air with loose fitting hoods	Working in BSL – 3 environments; working in dusty environments; chemical vapors, particulates; used when full- face or half –face respirator doesn't fit individual

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