

UNMC NEWSROOM

Glaucoma breakthrough featured in journal Stem Cells

by Lisa Spellman, UNMC public relations | August 30, 2017



A UNMC researcher has discovered that a common form of glaucoma that strikes adults may have early origin.

The discovery, which is detailed in the <u>August 9 issue of the journal Stem Cells</u>, could result in earlier diagnosis and treatment of the disease that is the second leading cause of irreversible blindness and affects more than 3 million people in the United States and 60 million people worldwide.

Iqbal Ahmad, Ph.D., a professor in the department of ophthalmology and visual sciences at UNMC, led the team of investigators. He has spent more than a decade studying the stem cell approach to understand and treat glaucoma, which is called a silent robber of vision because it strikes without warning or any noticeable symptoms. "There are several forms of glaucoma but all have two things in common - the progressive degeneration of retinal ganglion cells (RGCs) and the irreversible loss of vision," Dr. Ahmad said.

The primary function of RGCs is to tell the brain through a series of synapses and

Thanking the team

"The success of the project is greatly owed to the dedication and hard work of Pooja Teotia, Ph.D., a postdoctoral scholar in my lab and we are excited as she moves on to the next challenge to correct the RGC defect in the dish." Dr. Ahmad said. "We also are thankful to Rand Alligham, M.D., of the Duke Eye

connections what the eye sees, he said. Without RGCs, there is no perception of vision. Since glaucoma is generally a late onset disease and RGCs are formed during gestation, Dr. Ahmad's team had to find a way to study the degeneration process, which they hypothesized was because of a developmental abnormality.

Using blood from patients carrying a specific gene variation and also suffering from primary open angle glaucoma (POAG), one of the more common forms of the disease,

Dr. Ahmad and his team created a pluripotent stem cell-based model of POAG to understand why and how RGCs degenerate.

Center at the Duke University School of Medicine in Durham, N.C., for providing blood samples; and Mathew Van Hook, Ph.D., an assistant professor in the department of ophthalmology and visual sciences at UNMC, for helping with functional analysis of the cells."

Dr. Ahmad's team was able to show that RGCs from POAG patients were different from those generated from healthy donors.

"They were developmentally abnormal in form, function and gene expression," he said, adding that knowing the molecular basis of the defect and its biomarkers will allow early diagnosis and treatment.

"We are excited, as it is an important first step toward early diagnosis and treatment of this debilitating disease," Dr. Ahmad said. Shane Havens, M.D., a glaucoma specialist at UNMC's Truhlsen Eye Institute, said, "Dr. Ahmad's work could help us better understand the pathophysiology of degenerative conditions and in turn, reveal new treatment targets and cell replacement therapies."

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Comments

Saumi Mathews

August 30, 2017 at 1:25 PM

Congrats on your achievement Dr Ahmad and Pooja

Huangui Xiong

August 30, 2017 at 10:46 AM

Congrats to Dr. Ahmad and his team. Awesome!

M. Elizabeth Blackburn

August 30, 2017 at 9:15 AM

Congrats on all your hard work! Awesome.

Jerrie Dayton

August 30, 2017 at 9:02 AM

So exciting to learn that new findings are being made that can offer better treatment than the current battle of the eye drops. As a person with glaucoma, progress for better treatments has been painfully slow. Thank you Dr. Ahmad!

Sue Pope

August 30, 2017 at 8:40 AM

This is simply AWESOME !!!

Tom O'Connor

August 30, 2017 at 8:32 AM

Congrats to Dr. Ahmad and his team! What an awesome breakthrough!

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