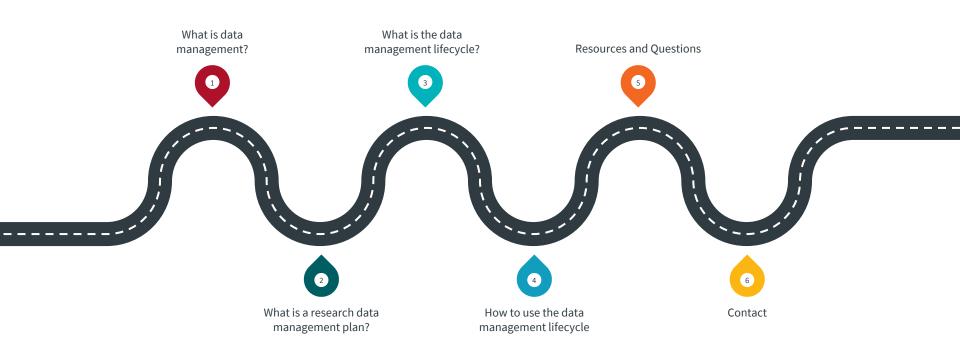
Introduction to Research Data Management Lifecycle

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Data Services Librarian Leon S. McGoogan Health Sciences Library April 9, 2024



Session Outline



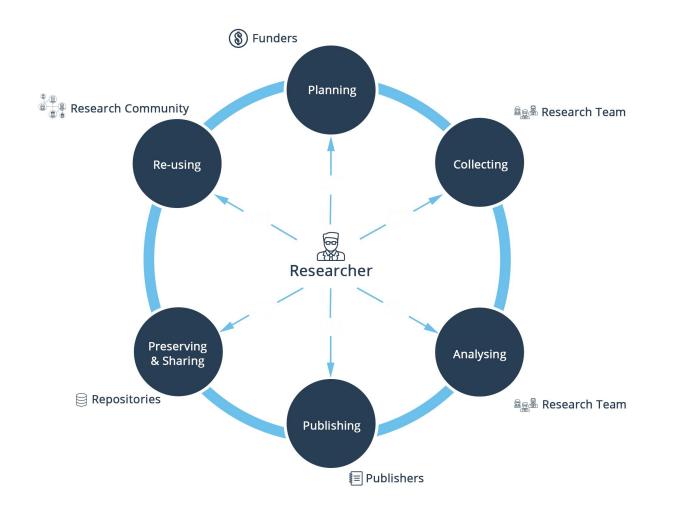
Objectives

By the end of this session, you will be able to:

- 1. Understand the purpose of the research data management lifecycle
- 2. Identify the benefits of using the research data management lifecycle
- 3. Use the research data management lifecycle for your research

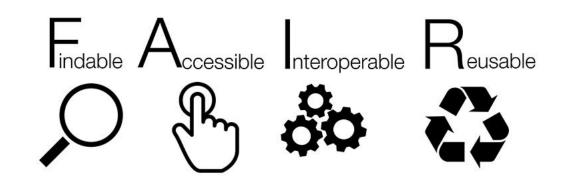


What is data management?





What is data management?





FAIR

- Findability
- Accessibility
- Interoperability
- Reusability

(FAIR) serves to guide data producers and publishers as they navigate around these obstacles, thereby helping to maximize the addedvalue gained by contemporary, formal scholarly digital publishing





Findable – data should be possible for others to discover your data; metadata should be available online, and all data should have a persistent identifier (example: DOI)



Accessible – humans and computers should be able to gain access to your data (when appropriate); metadata can be accessible if the data cannot be



Interoperable – data and metadata should conform to recognized formats and standards to allow them to be exchanged



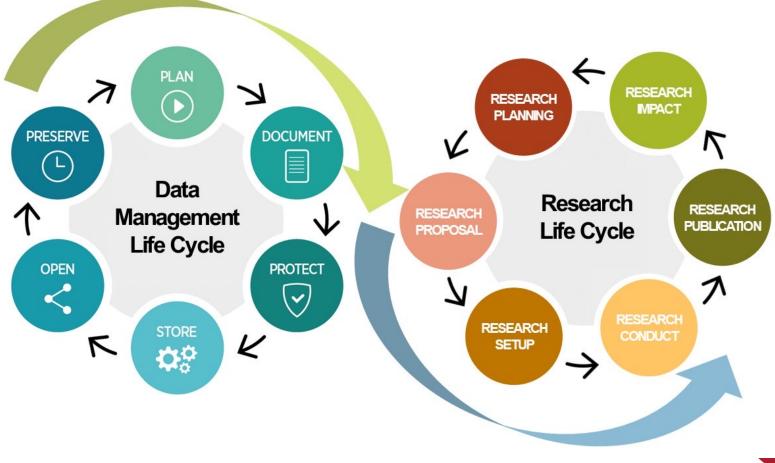
Reusable – Include documentation to support interpretation and reuse. License so others know what kinds of reuse are permitted

Research Data Management Plan

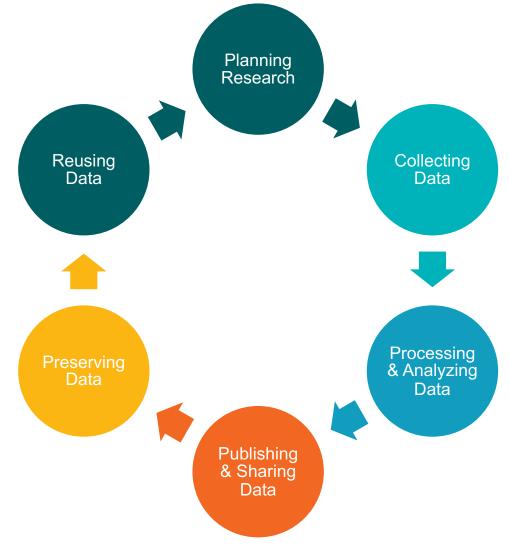
Data management plan (DMP) is a document that describes how you will treat your data during a project and what happens after the project ends

Typically covers all or portions of the **data lifecycle**

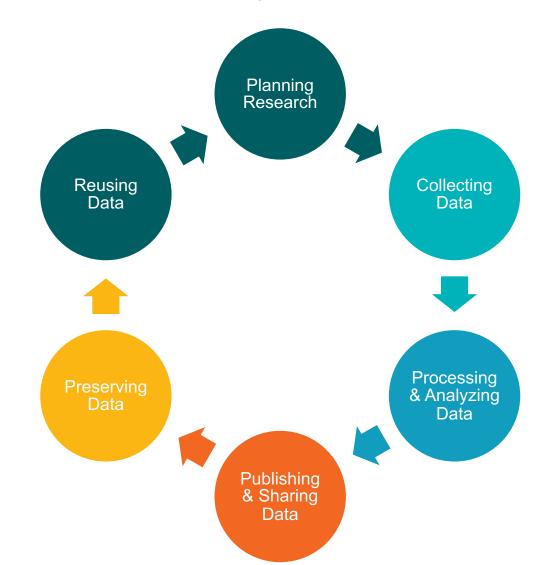
Research Data Management Plan



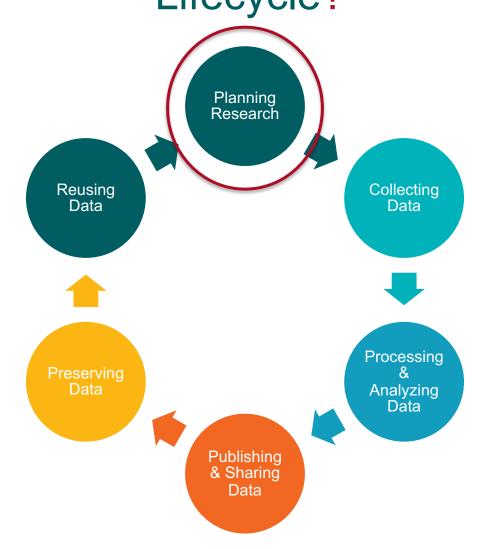
The Research Data Management Lifecycle



Where does the **Creation** of a Data Management Plan fall in the Data Management Lifecycle?



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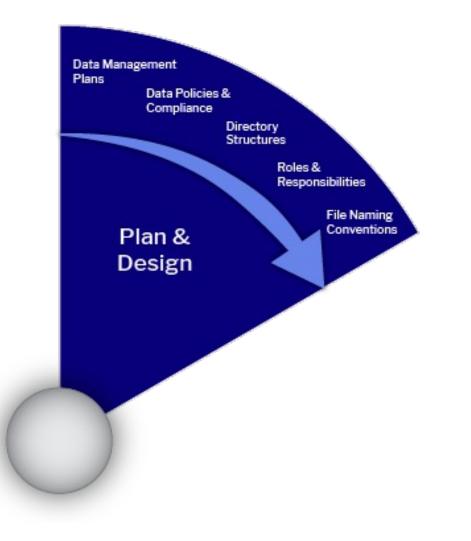


Research Data Management Checklist



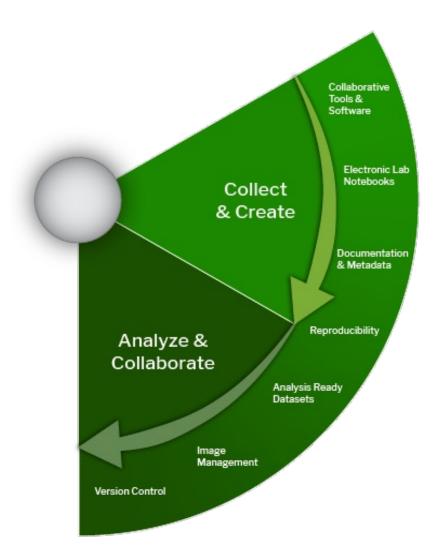


Planning Research



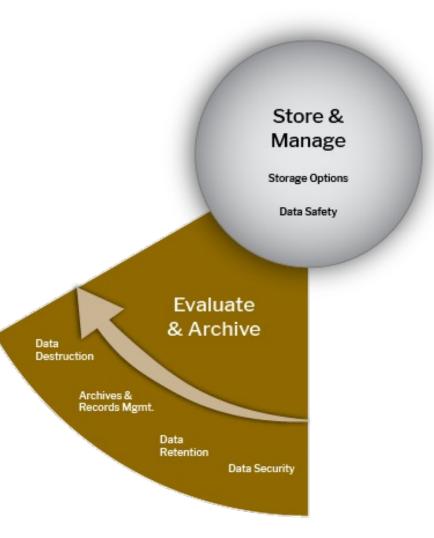


Collecting and Creating



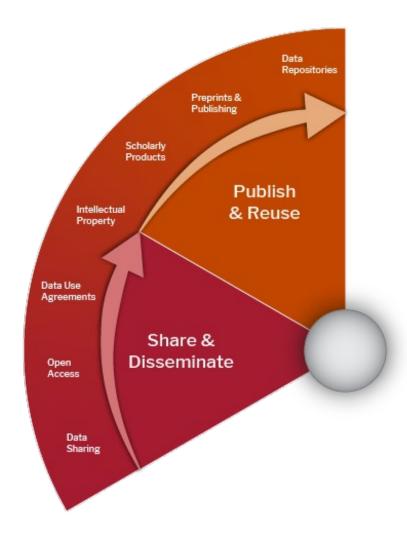


Evaluate and Archive





Share and Reuse





Research Data Management Lifecycle





Other Best Practices

- Organizing Data
 - File Structure & Naming Conventions
 - Be Consistent
 - Be Descriptive
- Create a unique & persistent identifier (DOIs, ORCID, etc.)
- Data sensitivity



Data Management Plan Resources

DMP Tools: https://dmptool.org/



The table below lists the plans that you have created, and that have been shared with you by others. You can edit, share, download, make a copy, or remove these plans at any time.

| Project Title 🔶 | Template 🗢 | Edited 🗸 | Role | Test | Visibility | Shared | |
|-----------------|--|------------|-------|------|------------|--------|----------------------|
| Test NIH Plan | Digital Curation Centre | 03-31-2022 | Owner | ✓ | N/A | No | Actions |
| Test | IMLS Digital Product Form (Data Management Plan) | 11-03-2020 | Owner | | Private | No | Actions - |

Additional Resources

<u>Article: Ten Simple Rules to Creating a Data Management Plan</u>

Copyright & Citation

If your using data collected and published by others, it's important to cite to ensure that the proper credit is given to the original researcher, and so that readers can locate the original dataset

Review your citation style (APA, AMA, etc.) manual on how to cite/acknowledge datasets in a paper.



Questions?



Stay in touch!

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Book an Appointment with me: <u>https://go.unmc.edu/veb3</u>

Upcoming Events: https://www.unmc.edu/library/services/instruction.ht ml



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