Collaboration and Proactive Teamwork Used to Reduce

Quarterly Collaborative Call #37 October 27th, 2020 2:00 – 2:30 p.m. CT

Simplifying the Fall Event Reporting Process at the Bedside



AGENDA

- Housekeeping
- From the literature: Factors that influence staff decisions to report fall events
- Sneak peek of potential revisions to the CAPTURE Falls Fall Event Reporting Form and opportunity to provide feedback





Housekeeping



- 1. Coming soon!! New Roadmap Feature of CAPTURE Falls website
 - Content organized by key activities for your fall risk reduction team
 - Education and tools available for each major activity
 - Expanded resources from other toolkits and reputable resources
 - Contact Vicki victoria.kennel@unmc.edu with:
 - Feedback and ideas for improvement
 - Tools, resources, success stories you would like to share on our website
 - If you can no longer find something
 - <u>https://www.unmc.edu/patient-safety/capturefalls/index.html</u>

Housekeeping



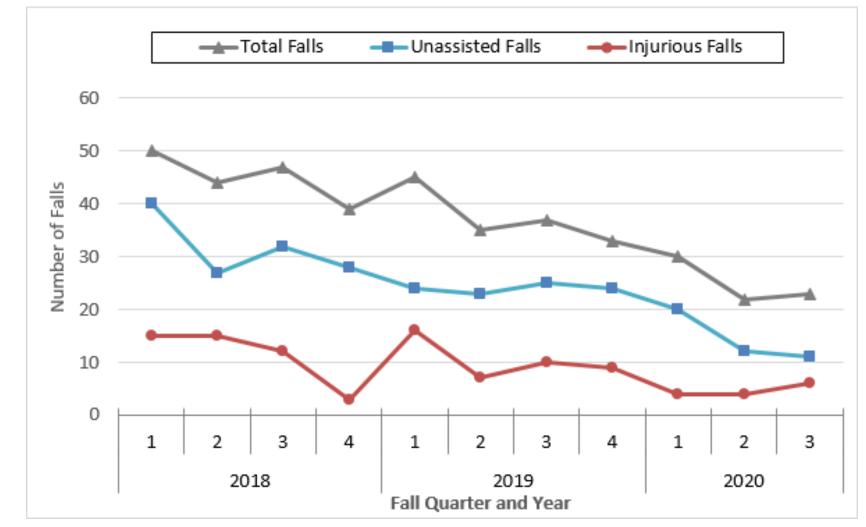
- 2. Event Reporting
 - Quarterly data reports (Q3 2020) were sent last week to hospitals that reported at least one fall in the past year to Know Falls.
 - Reporting of all falls is encouraged—including outpatient, ER, ambulatory care, LTC, etc.
 - Contact Anne at <u>askinner@unmc.edu</u> with REDCap issues (add users, password resets) and special report requests.



Falls Reported

CAPTURE Falls Collaborative

Reported Total, Unassisted, and Injurious Falls Over Time Acute, Swing, Observation, Hospice Admissions



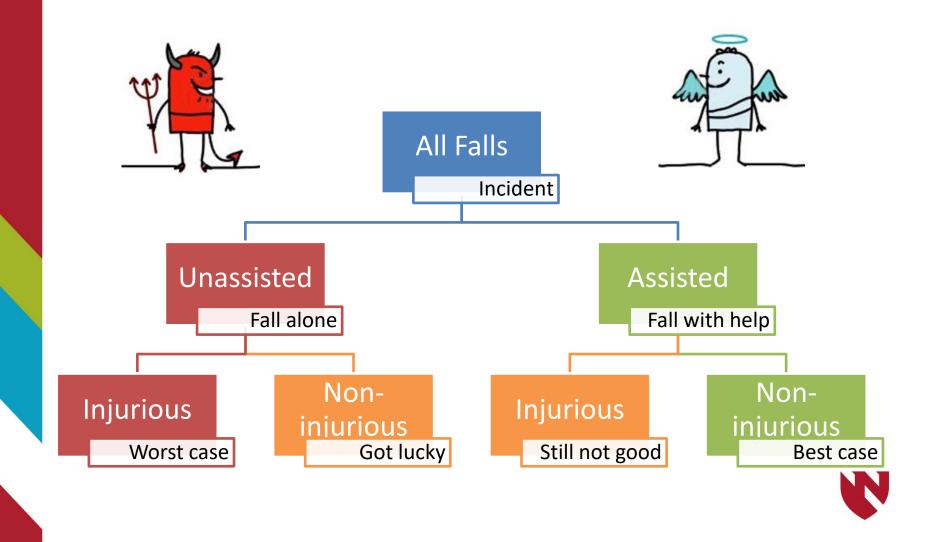
From the Literature...

Factors that influence staff decisions to report fall events



Fall Incident Types

Not all falls are equal...



When to Report a Fall?

Lessons learned from the literature on factors that influence whether or not staff may report a fall

Staff believe reporting falls improves safety

Staff believe reporting falls protects from legal liability

If patient was injured during the fall

Staff lack access to, training on, and/or reporting process/system not user friendly

Role models don't report falls

No fall definition





If staff witnessed the fall If staff felt the fall could have been prevented If staff felt that patient factors caused the fall



OPEN ACCESS ARTICLE:

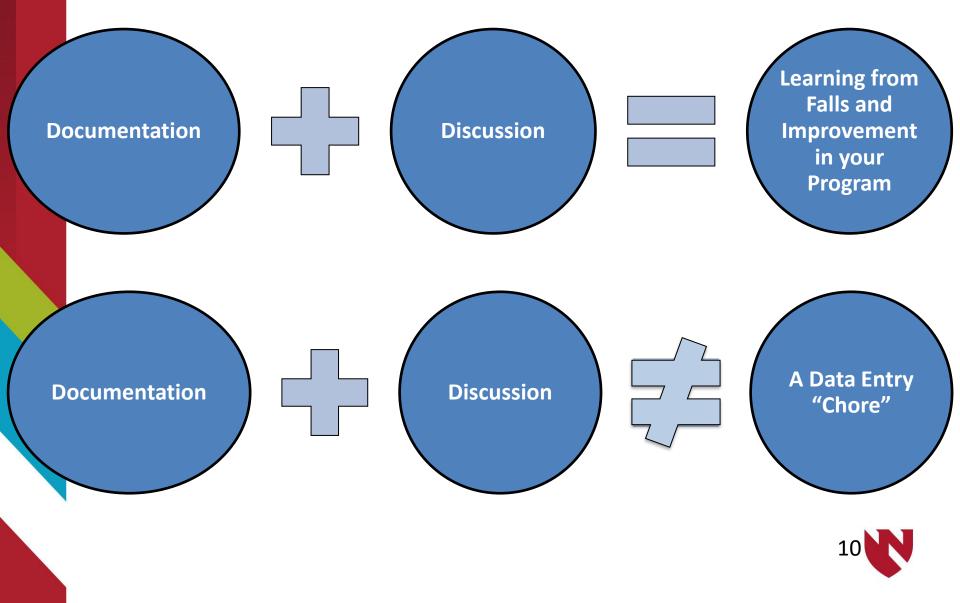
Haines, T. P., Cornwell, P., Fleming, J., Varghese, P., & Gray, L. (2008). Documentation of in-hospital falls on inciden reports: qualitative investigation of an imperfect process. *BMC health services research*, *8*, 254. https://doi.org/10.1186/1472-6963-8-254. Available at: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC2621198/

Discussion of Fall Event Reporting and Huddle Process

Opportunity to Provide Feedback



Our Hope...



In an "Ideal World," what we think should happen...

Patient Fall Occurs

Bedside staff initiates fall event report

Huddle commences; completion of fall event report continues; completion of huddle documentation occurs

> Fall Team Member enters information into Know Falls (online system to report to CAPTURE Falls)

Fall Risk Reduction Team reviews and discusses falls as needed/during regularly scheduled meetings to promote organizational learning.

Collaborative Member Sharing and Discussion What Really Happens?

- 1. What are the steps involved in your fall event reporting process?
- 2. When are fall event reports completed in relation to conducting a post-fall huddle?
- 3. What challenges do you observe with fall event reporting?





Proposed Revisions to CAPTURE Falls Reporting Forms

Opportunity to Provide Feedback



Simplifying the CAPTURE Falls Reporting Forms



V

- Identified and eliminated redundancies
- Created a more logical order to tell the story of the fall
 - Who is the patient?
 - What were the circumstances of the fall?
 - What was the impact of the fall?
 - Why did the patient fall and what could we do differently? (leads into huddle)
- Open ended questions on paper form (results in fewer lists of checkboxes... and pages)



Report Date: Completed By: Know Falls Report Number: CAPTURE Falls Event Learning Form Definition of fall: A fall is a sudden, unintended, descent of a patient's body to the ground or other object (e.g., onto a bed, chair, or bedside mat) that can be unassisted or assisted (e.g. when a patient begins to fall and is assisted to the ground or other object by another person). AHRQ Common Formats Hospital Version 2.0 Who is the patient? Medical Record Number: _____ Admission date: _____ Date of Fall: Time of Fall (military time): Age: _____ If older than 90 indicate >90); _____ Gender;
Gender;
Male
Female Admission Type at time of fall: Acute Swing Hospice Observation Outpatient DER Other Principal admitting diagnosis: Other comorbidities (including recent surgeries):______ Ambulatory Status Time of Fall: Not ambulatory With assist of 2 With assist of 1 Independent Prior to this fall, has the patient fallen while hospitalized? CHECK ALL THAT APPLY □ Yes, during this admission □ Yes, during a previous admission □ No At the time of the fall, was the patient on medication(s) known to increase the risk of fall?
Yes No Which medications? Anticoagulants Cardiovascular agents Analgesics Antidiuretic agents Anticonvulsants Anticholinergics Other Prior to the fall, was the fall risk assessment score documented?
Yes I Yes, list score: Was the patient determined to be at risk for a fall?
Yes INo What happened? How was the fall discovered? Where did the fall occur? (e.g. bedside, bathroom, radiology, etc.) How did the fall occur? (e.g. What was the patient doing or trying to do?) Did staff control the patient's descent (hands on assist) during the fail? Yes INo → Was a gait belt used? □Yes □ No Other relevant details regarding the fall (e.g. Was patient using an using an assistive device? Did equipment/ furniture/environment contribute?) :





What interventions were in use?

For each of the fall risk or fall injury risk interventions below, indicate which were in use at the time of the fall, or not in use, but should have been per care plan/policy.

	In use at the time of the fall	Notin use, but should have been per care plan/policy
Assistive device for gait/transfers		0
Bed Alarm	0	0
Bed in low position	0	0
Bedside floor mats		
Call light/personal belongings in reach	0	
Chair alarm		
Commode		
Declutter environment		
Delirium prevention or mitigation		
Documentation of mobility/ADL assistance		
Floor clean and dry		
Elevated toilet seat		
Gait/transfer belt		
Handoff to communicate risk		
Hearing aids		
Hip Protectors		L 0 197
Locked wheels on bed and/or wheelchair		0
Mechanical transfer device		
Medication review by pharmacy	•	
Night lights/supplemental lighting		
Non-slip well-fitting footwear		
Occupational therapy referral		
Orthostatic vital signs monitoring		•
Pain management		0
Patient and family education		
Patient placed close to nurses' station		
Physical therapy referral		
Purposeful hourly rounding		
Seating assessment		
Sitter		
Supervised mobility and/or ADLs		
Supervised toileting		
Top bed rails up		
Video Monitoring		
Visible identification of risk (signage, wristband)		
Vision Correction		
Other: Please specify:		

What interventions did we OR should we have had in place?

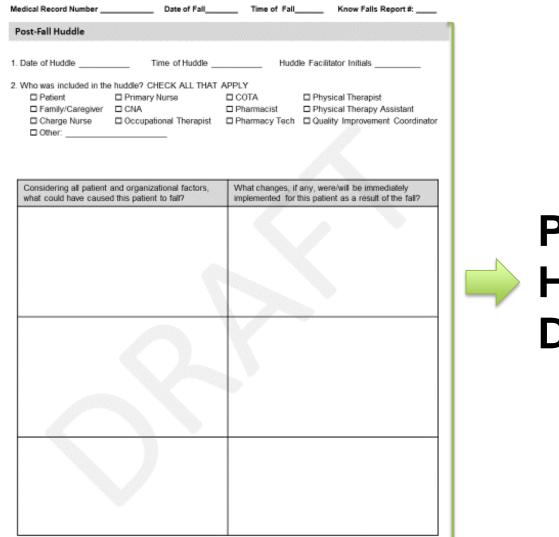
Further relevant details on interventions listed above

Fall Impact

Was the patient injured as a result of the fall? I Yes I No

If yes, describe injury and any additional assessment, monitoring, and/or treatment provided:









Post-Fall Huddle Parking Lot

Could any of these patient factors contributed to the event? CHECK ALL THAT APPLY

- Dizziness/Vertigo
 Hypotension
 Procedure within last 24 hours
 Constigation
 Cognitive impairment
 Impulsive behavior
 Overestimated ability
 Neurological Comorbidities (e.g. previous
 CVA, MS, Parkinson's Disease)
- Weakness
 Anticoagulant / bleeding disorder
 Bowel Prep in Progress
 Incontinence/urgency
 Symptomatic depression
 Sensory Impairment (vision, hearing, balance, etc.)
 Orbrid obesity
 Other: PLEASE SPECIFY

Could any of these organizational factors contributed to the event? CHECK ALL THAT APPLY

Environment

Culture of safety, management of staff
 Physical surroundings cluttered
 Physical surroundings not customized to
 accommodate of's mobility limitations

Staff Qualifications

Lack of competence (qualifications, experience)

Supervision/support

Lack of clinical supervision
 Lack of managerial supervision
 Poor teamwork

Policies and procedures, includes clinical protocols

Poor clarity of policies
 Lack of compliance with policies

Information About Fall Risk Status

Not Available
Not Accurate
Not Legible

Communication

Supervisor to staff
Among staff or team members
Staff to patient (or family)
Fall associated with a handoff

Human factors (Staff)

Fatigue
 Stress
 Inattention
 Cognitive factors
 Health issues

External factors Family/Visitor involvement



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Please visit the CAPTURE Falls toolkit at https://www.unmc.edu/patient-safety/capturefalls/ for more information.

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Collaborative Member Sharing and Discussion

We need your input on the revised forms!

 What do you like?
 What don't you like?
 What changes would you like to see?





Fall Event Reporting End-User Group – invitation

Who

- 2-3 CAPTURE Falls hospitals
- Passionate about improving fall event reporting documentation

What

- Review our draft fall event reporting and post-fall huddle documentation form
- Join us for a virtual meeting to discuss possible changes/revisions

When

 A mutually convenient date and time



Please share feedback on your fall event reporting process by completing this short survey:

https://is.gd/capturefallsoctober2020



Assistance is an email away!

- Contact us for more information about:
 - Fall risk reduction best practices: Dawn (<u>dvenema@unmc.edu</u>)
 - Know Falls and Online Learning (RedCAP): Anne (<u>askinner@unmc.edu</u>)
 - Team performance, implementation challenges: Vicki (victoria.kennel@unmc.edu)
 - General questions or not sure?: <u>CAPTURE.Falls@unmc.edu</u>



REMINDERS

- 1. Future Collaborative Calls/Educational Opportunities:
 - January 26, 2021; 2:00-2:30pm CT
 - Topic TBA
 - What would you like to discuss?
- Looking for fall risk reduction resources?
 Click here: https://www.unmc.edu/patient-safety/capturefalls/index.html Still can't find what you are looking for? Let us know what we are missing!

Falls



Collaboration and Proactive Teamwork Used to Reduce